

THE VALUE OF SOLAR THERMAL IN MINNESOTA

PREPARED FOR THE MINNESOTA SENATE ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

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THE VALUE OF SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING (SHC) IN MINNESOTA

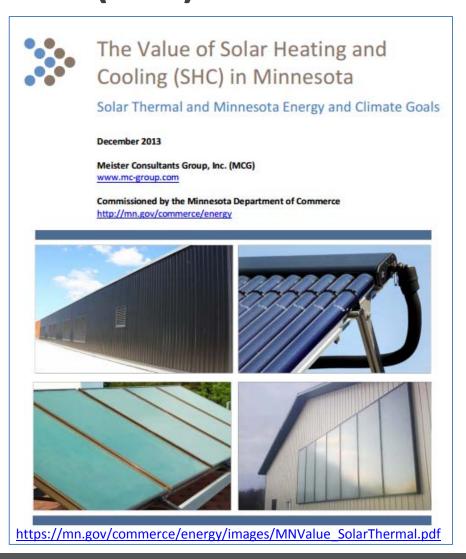


Study Summary:

- Solar heating and cooling technologies
- Solar heating and cooling economics
- Market barriers
- Recommendations for market transformation



THE VALUE OF SOLAR HEATING AND COOLING (SHC) IN MINNESOTA



Solar heating and cooling is not solar electric!

- SHC technologies have distinct characteristics from PV technologies
- Integration with building systems is more complex
- SHC markets are still in their infancy – market transformation tools are significantly different than for solar PV





TECHNOLOGIES: SOLAR HOT WATER



Collectors capture heat from sun and transfer it to hot water storage tanks and building distribution system

Applications:

- Hot water and space heating
- Pool heating
- Process heating
- District energy





TECHNOLOGIES: SOLAR AIR HEAT



Provides heat by recirculating conditioned building air through solar collectors

Applications:

 Residential and commercial space heating





TECHNOLOGIES: TRANSPIRED AIR HEATING (SOLAR WALLS)



Preheats incoming building air using solar radiation captured by solar walls (unglazed transpired collectors)

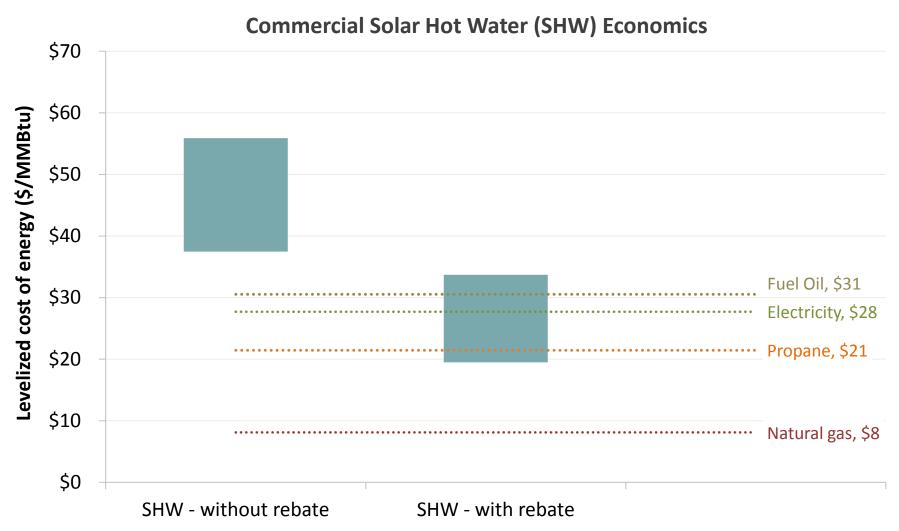
Applications:

 Space heating / preheating for commercial and industrial buildings





LEVELIZED COST OF ENERGY: COMMERCIAL



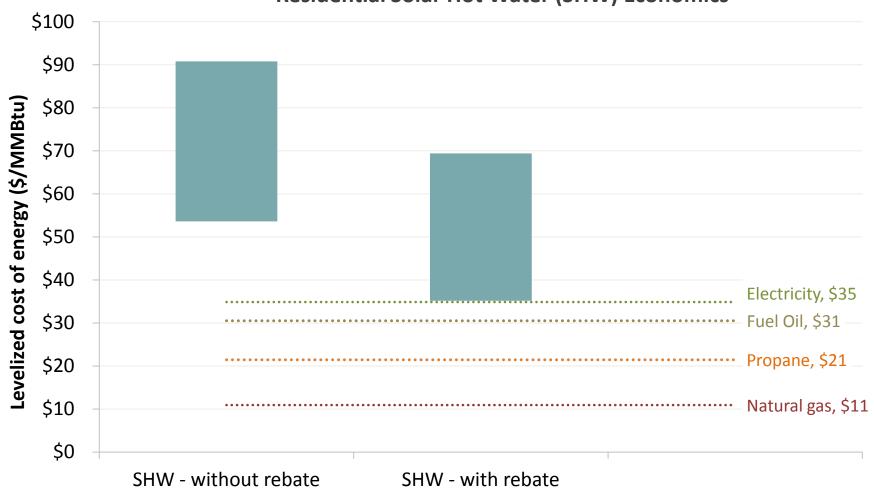
Based on EIA, Minn. Dept. of Commerce, and industry data collected in 2013 or earlier





LEVELIZED COST OF ENERGY: RESIDENTIAL

Residential Solar Hot Water (SHW) Economics



Based on EIA, Minn. Dept. of Commerce, and industry data collected in 2013 or earlier





NEAR-TERM OPPORTUNITIES FOR SHC IN MINNESOTA

Major near-term opportunities for SHC are in the following market sectors:

- Commercial customers using expensive heating fuels, such as electricity, propane, or fuel oil
- Agricultural applications where load characteristics coincide with solar resources and there is high dependence on propane
- Low-income housing where fossil fuel price volatility is problematic for owners and residents



SHC MARKET BARRIERS IN MINNESOTA

Stakeholders identified a number of barriers that impact the Minnesota market:

- High upfront costs and inadequate financing
- Poor market awareness of SHC benefits
- Certification standard costs
- Opaque permitting requirements
- Inadequate metering standards
- Workforce development challenges





RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SHC IN MINNESOTA

Nine proposed recommendations:

- 1. Create or expand incentives for high value SHC customer segments
- 2. Implement "Solar Ready" building requirements
- 3. Solar thermal requirements on new public buildings
- 4. New financing options to reduce upfront costs
- 5. Reduce SHC soft costs by
 - a) Standardizing permitting processes
 - b) Implementing a community aggregation purchase program
- 6. Create an online community-based outreach and information campaign
- 7. Create a SHC advisory group on certifications, standards, metering
- 8. Engage delivered fuel providers
- 9. Assess long-term potential in district and institutional heat/cool systems





